

## PARAGUAY: A BEACON OF GROWTH AND STABILITY

Ministry of Economy and Finance May 2024



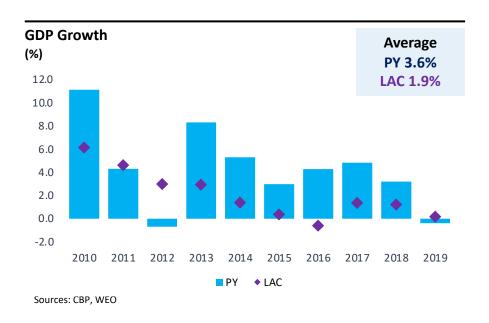


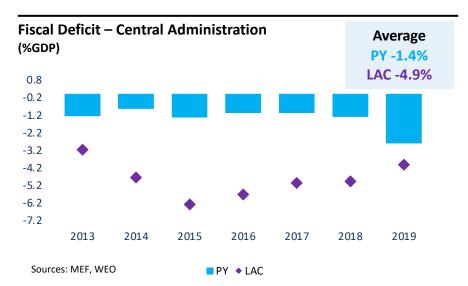
### Goal 1:

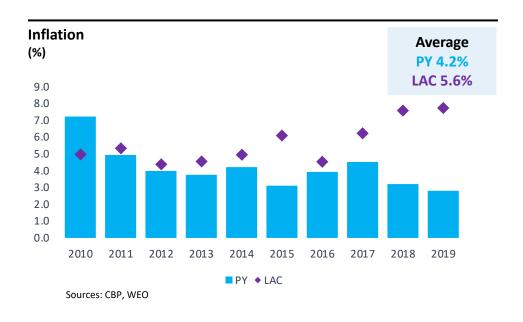
Rebuilding macro space

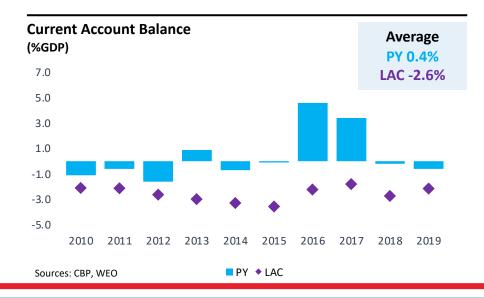
### A long history of strong growth and macro-stability.











### Several shocks affected the economy in recent years...





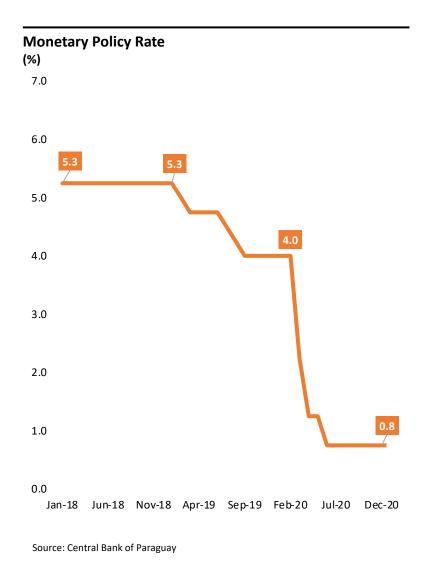


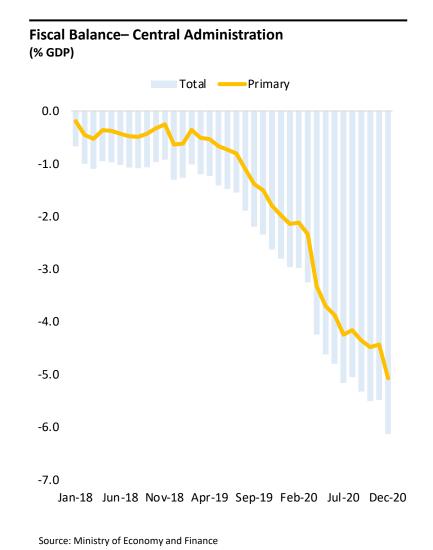


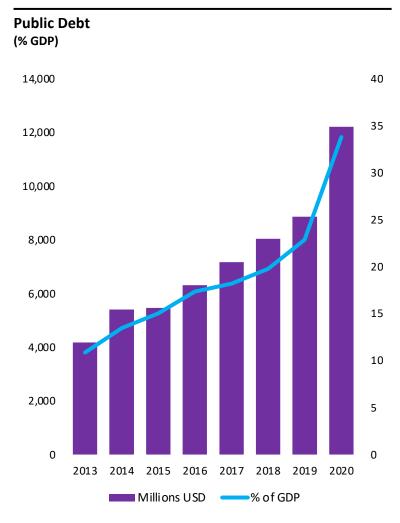


### ...leading to implementation of countercyclical policies.



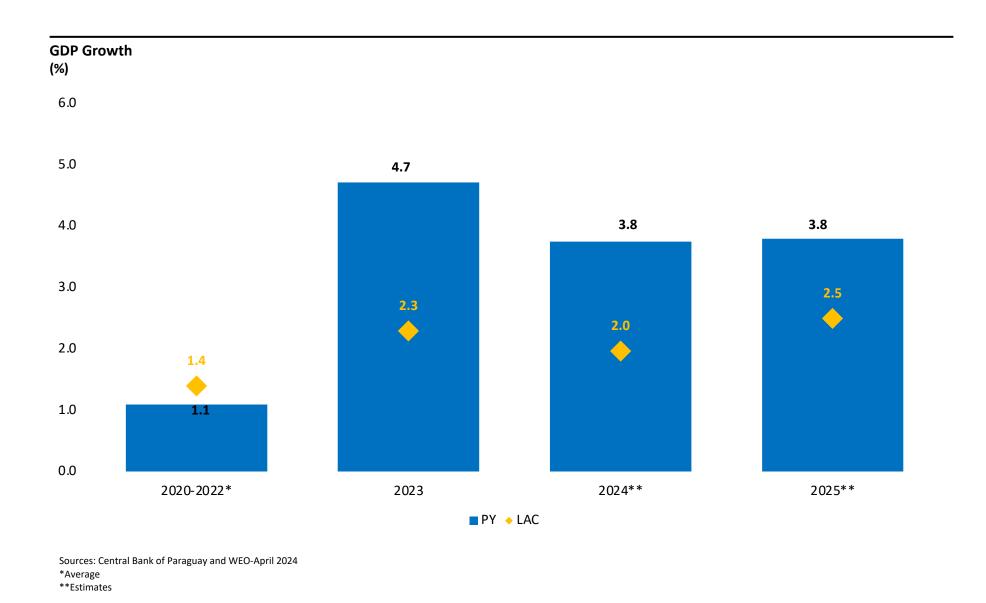






### With activity gaining momentum,...

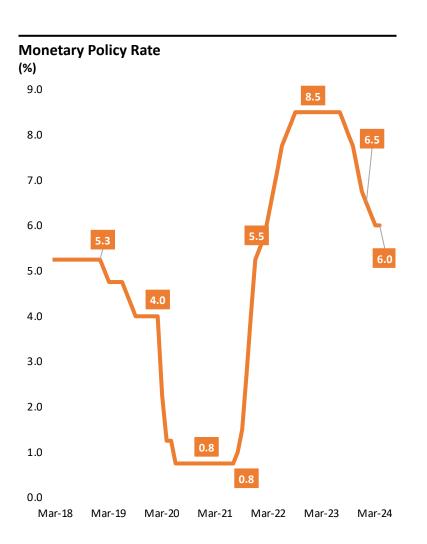


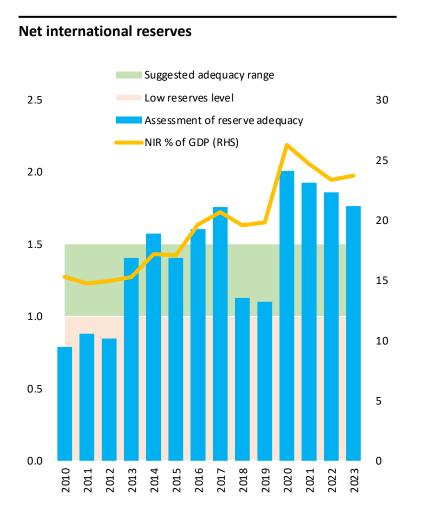


### ...a main objective is to normalize macro-policies I.







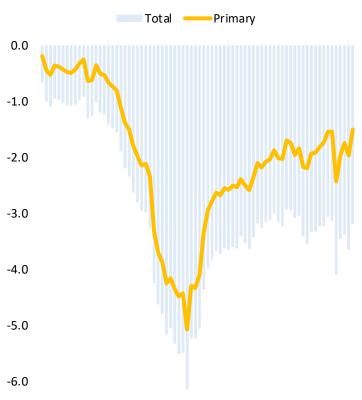


Source: Central Bank of Paraguay

### ...a main objective is to normalize macro-policies II.

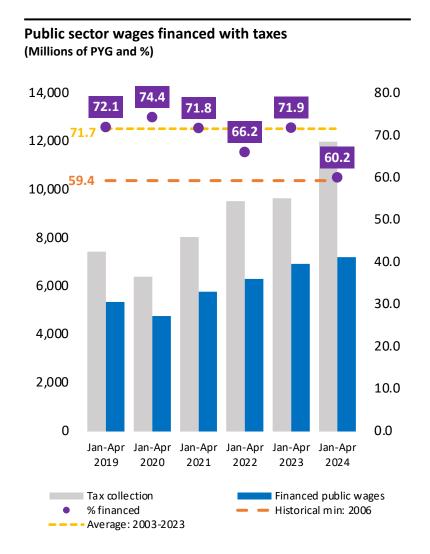






-7.0 Jan-18 Dec-18 Nov-19 Oct-20 Sep-21 Aug-22 Jul-23

Source: Ministry of Economy and Finance





### Complemented with an ambitious fiscal reform agenda.



Key structural reforms already enacted...

### **Ministry of Economy and Finance**

The Ministry is in charge of planning, coordinating and adopting a sustainable economic development policy for Paraguay.

### **National Directorate of Public Revenues**

Merge of the Customs Office and the Domestic Revenues Office to increase efficiency in revenue collection and reduce tax evasion.

### **Superintendency of Pensions**

Specialized technical body to oversee and supervise pension entities.

### **Administrative Organization Law**

Seeks to ensure the efficient and transparent use of public resources and enhance public service delivery to citizens.

...and others in the process of being legislated.

#### **Civil Service Law**

The draft bill sent to Congress aims to establish the general provisions governing the public services and civil servants.

### FRL update

Update the FRL to strengthen fiscal institutional framework.

### **Public employees pension system law**

Update the pension system legal framework to ensure the long-term financial sustainability.

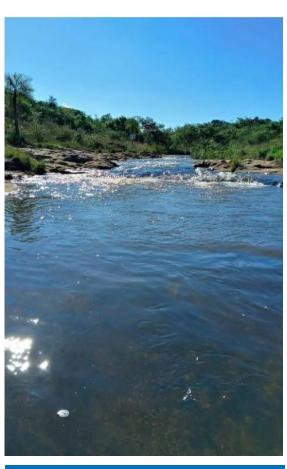
Source: Ministry of Economy and Finance.



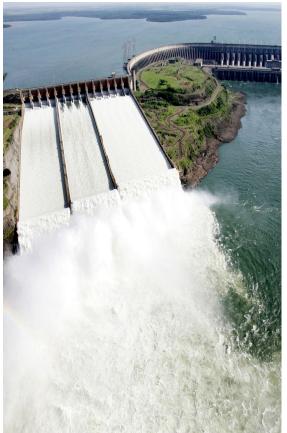
## **Goal 2:**Sustaining strong growth

### Paraguay has an extraordinary natural capital...













WATER SWEET

FERTILE LAND

CLEAN ENERGY

FOREST WEALTH

NO NATURAL DISASTERS

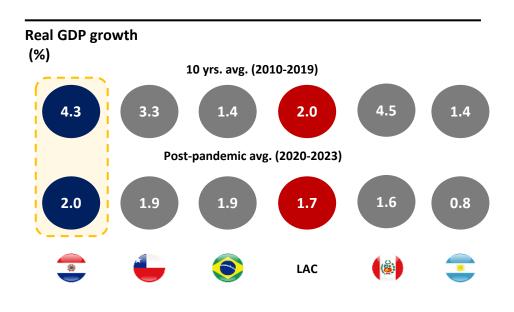
## ...and significant production capacity, which allows it to collaborate in the global fight against food insecurity.

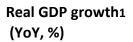


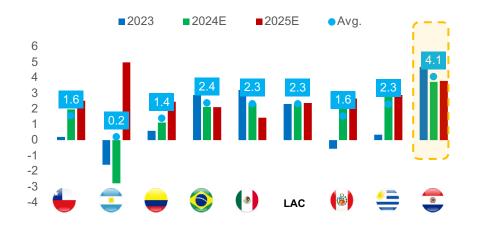


## Despite recent challenges, Paraguay demonstrates strong economic resilience.



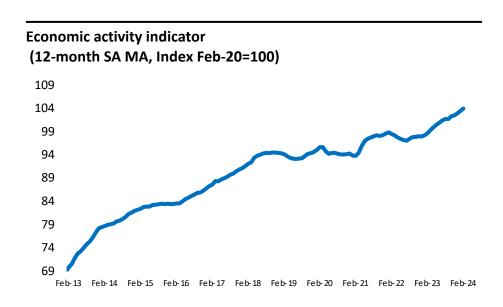


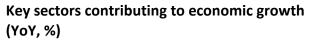


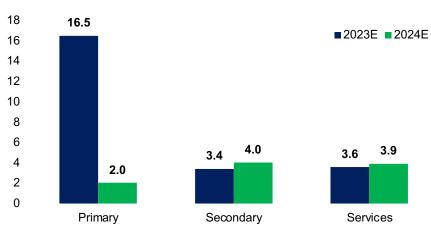


Sources: Central Bank of Paraguay, IMF WEO Apr. 2023.

Note: 1. For Paraguay, 2023E and 2024E from Central Bank of Paraguay and 2025E from IMF WEO Apr. 2023.

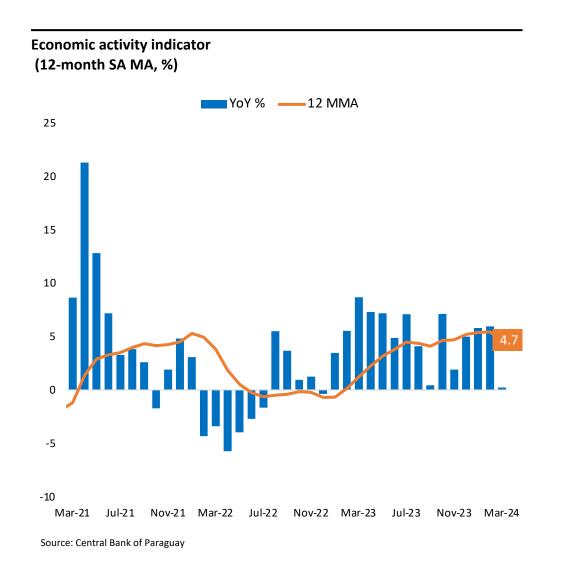


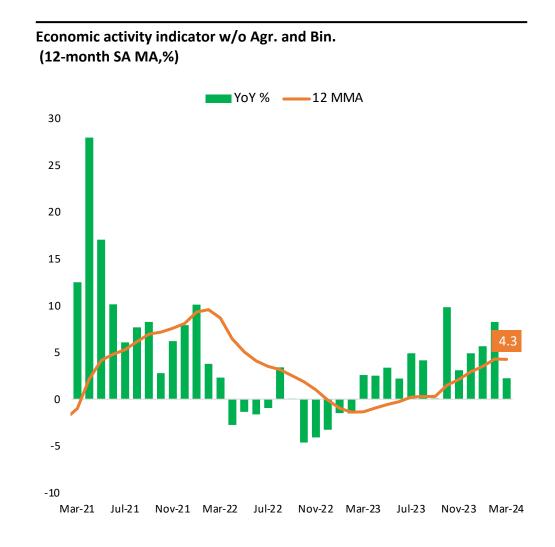




## High frequency economic activity indicators signal robust dynamics...

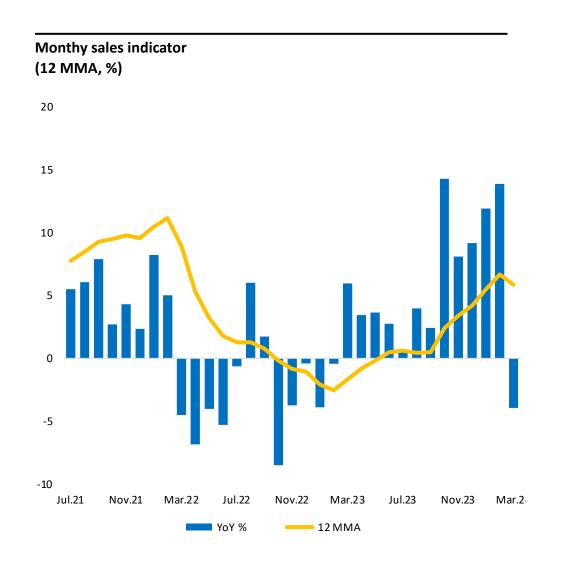


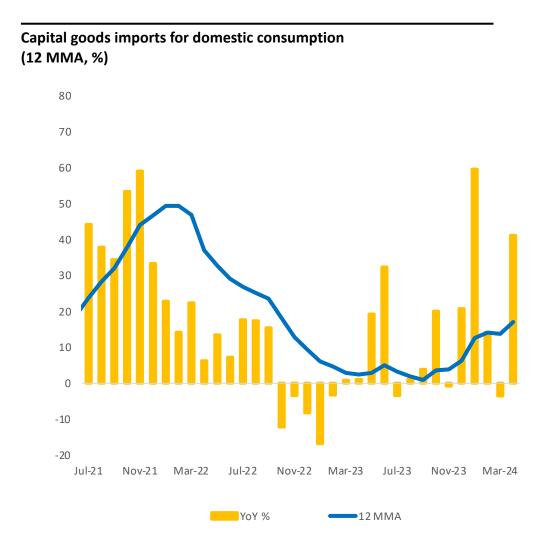




### ...including a strong performance of consumption and investment.







Source: Central Bank of Paraguay



## The country has a legal framework that encourages private investment...



Laws and Tax Benefits		
Decree 11.771/00	Special Tariff Regime for the Import of Raw Materials and Inputs	
Law 2422/04	Special Customs Regimes	
Law 4427/12	Incentives for the Production, Development, and Assembly of High-Tech Products	
Law 4903/13	Industrial Parks	
Law 5102/13	Public-Private Partnership Law	
Law 5542/15	Investment Guarantees	

### Regulation of Non-conventional renewable energies Law 6977/2023

- The regulation of Law 6977/2023, approved in February 2024, aims to maintain and expand Paraguay's 100% clean and renewable electricity matrix by promoting non-hydraulic renewable energy sources.
- This initiative seeks to preserve Paraguay's status as a leading producer and net exporter of clean energy in LATAM.



### **New regulation of PPP Law 5102/13**

- The updated regulations of Law 5102/13, approved in April 2024, modernize the framework to promote public infrastructure investments.
- Key changes include enhancing the evaluation system, reducing processing times, and aligning procedures with international standards.

Source: Ministry of Economy and Finance.



## ...complemented by initiatives to foster new business development...





Maquila Regime:
Approval of Capital Goods
Increase



**60/90 Law:** Approval



Maquila Regime:
Additions or Modifications



SJSC (Simplified Joint Stock Company) Law: Simplify the opening of new businesses



Maquila Regime: Import Clearance



USOCC (Unified System for Opening and Closing Companies):

Process optimization to facilitate and simplify the opening of new businesses



**SEW (Single Exporter Window):** Time to obtain documentation for export

procedures



**SEW (Single Exporter Window):** Export Registration Authorization

SJSC Law impact in the last three years

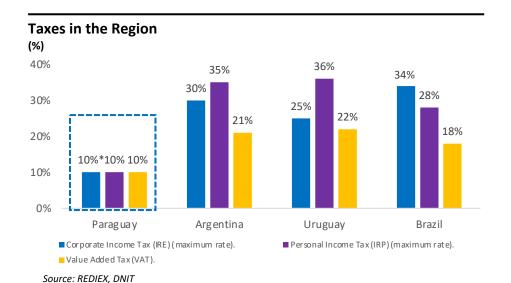
+10K
New companies

**+USD 500 M** 

**Social capital** 

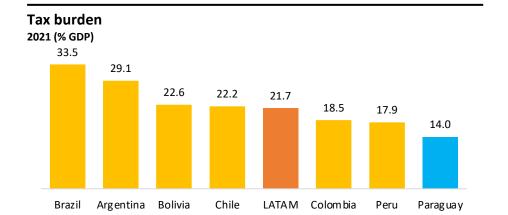
### ...with low tax burden for investment.





(\*) In the case of dividend payments, an 8% tax is applied on net profit. If the dividends are remitted abroad, a 15% tax is applied on the remaining profit..





Exemption or temporary suspension of import duties on machinery and equipment.

Exemption or temporary suspension of Value Added Tax (VAT) payment on the import of capital goods.

Exemption from all national taxes, replacing them with a single tax in the cases of the Free Trade Zone Law and the Maquila Law.

More favorable Mercosur rules of origin in relation to the percentages of non-zone materials usage.

Exemption from taxes and other levies on remittances and payments abroad (dividends), for investments equal to or greater than USD 5,000,000 (five million dollars)

### Itaipú: a new source of financing for critical investment.



"A historic achievement for Paraguay has been attained by allowing the direct sale of Paraguayan energy to the Brazilian market, thus achieving, after more than half a century, the long-awaited energy sovereignty..."

Santiago Peña

**1**5,4%

**New Tariff** 

19,28 USD KW/month

**Energy compensation** 

USD 265

**Capital dividend** 

Royalties

USD 53 million

USD 280 million

Social investment

Annual income

USD 650

USD 1.250 million

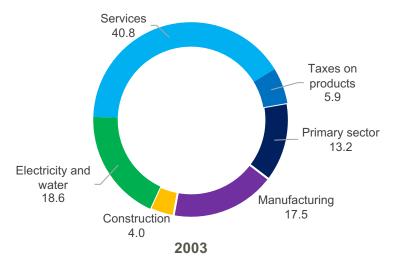


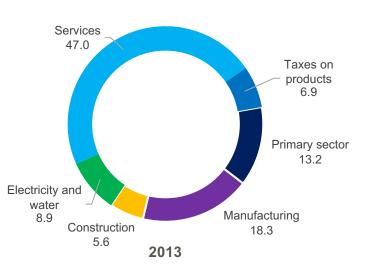
## Goal 3: Diversifying the economy

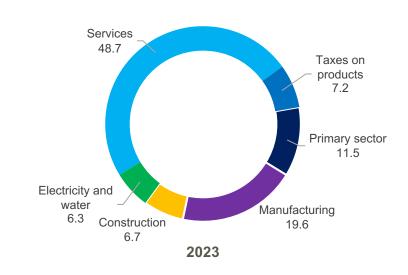
### An ongoing process of economic diversification.

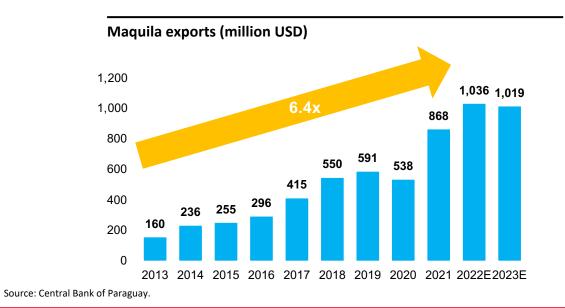




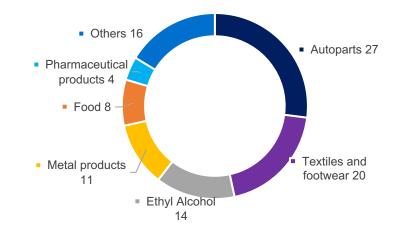






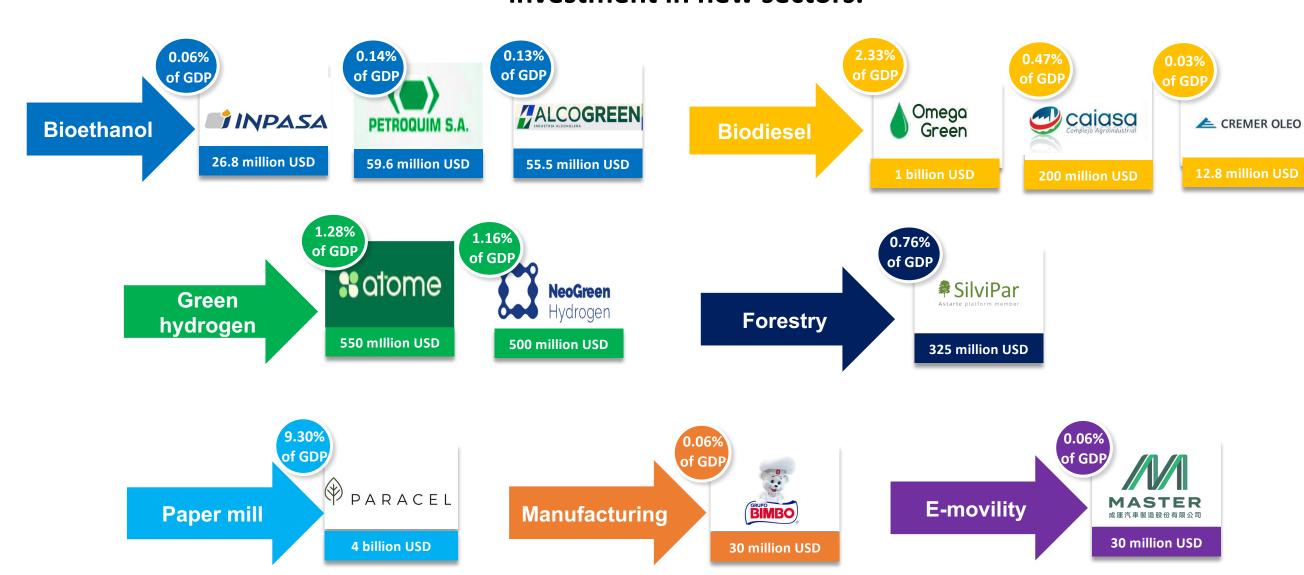






## Our comparative advantage is attracting investment in new sectors.

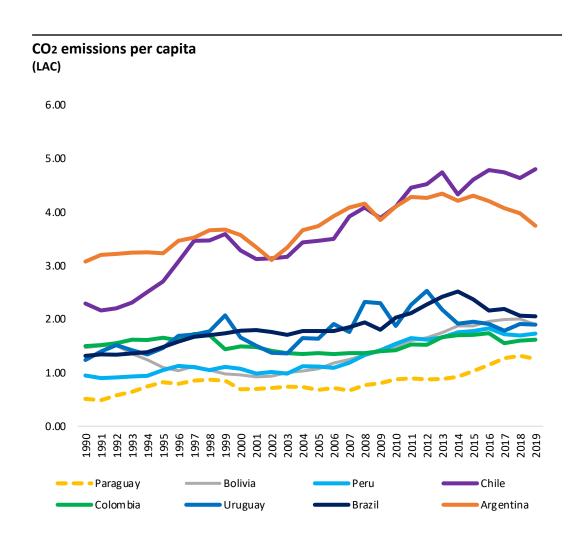


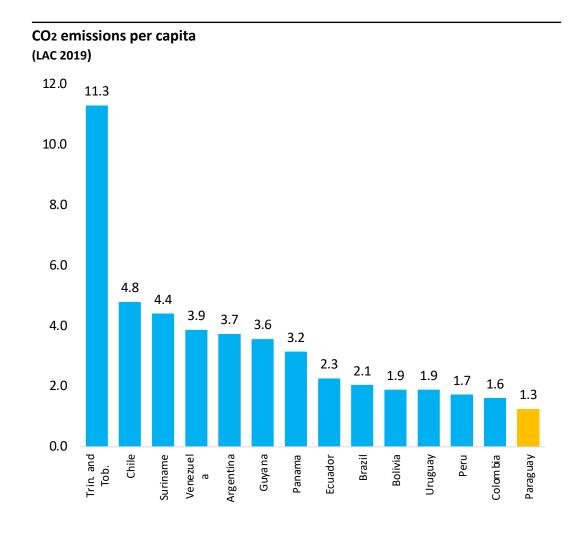


Sources: Ministry of Economic and Finance of Paraguay, Central Bank of Paraguay. Obs: GDP in million USD, 2024

### A Plus: a green and renewable energy matrix.







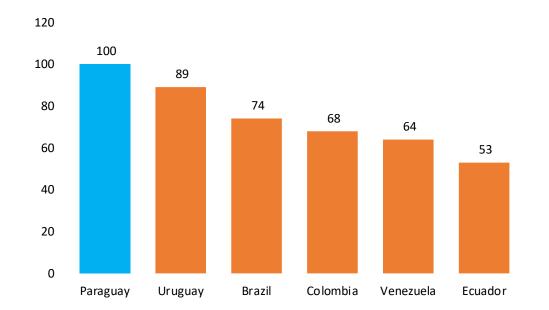
Source: World Bank

### Itaipú: a new source of growth and development.



# 1° Renewable energy producer

### Electricity generation from renewable sources (% of total)



"...now we are able to use the resources of Itaipú to improve the quality of life of Paraguayans and Brazilians, and at the same time try to establish opportunities for new investments with money from the sale of energy..."



At least 87 million tons of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions are avoided.

Itaipú avoids the use of approximately 550,000 barrels of oil per day.

Sources: World Bank, Itaipú, FDI Intelligence

## Ongoing efforts to reach new markets and introduce non-traditional products.







**United States** 

Metal working machines





Frozen beef









Malaysia **Ethanol** 

Uruguay Floating artifacts

Switzerland Unprocessed cotton

Kenya Food and beverage machines

Source: Central Bank of Paraguay



## **Goal 4:**Projection of Paraguay in the world

## BEFORE: Paraguay is at the heart of South America... but far from main destinations.





### NOW: the region's main urban centers are easily accessible, GOBIERNO DEL MINISTERIO DE ECONOMÍA Y FINANZAS and this reduces logistics costs.

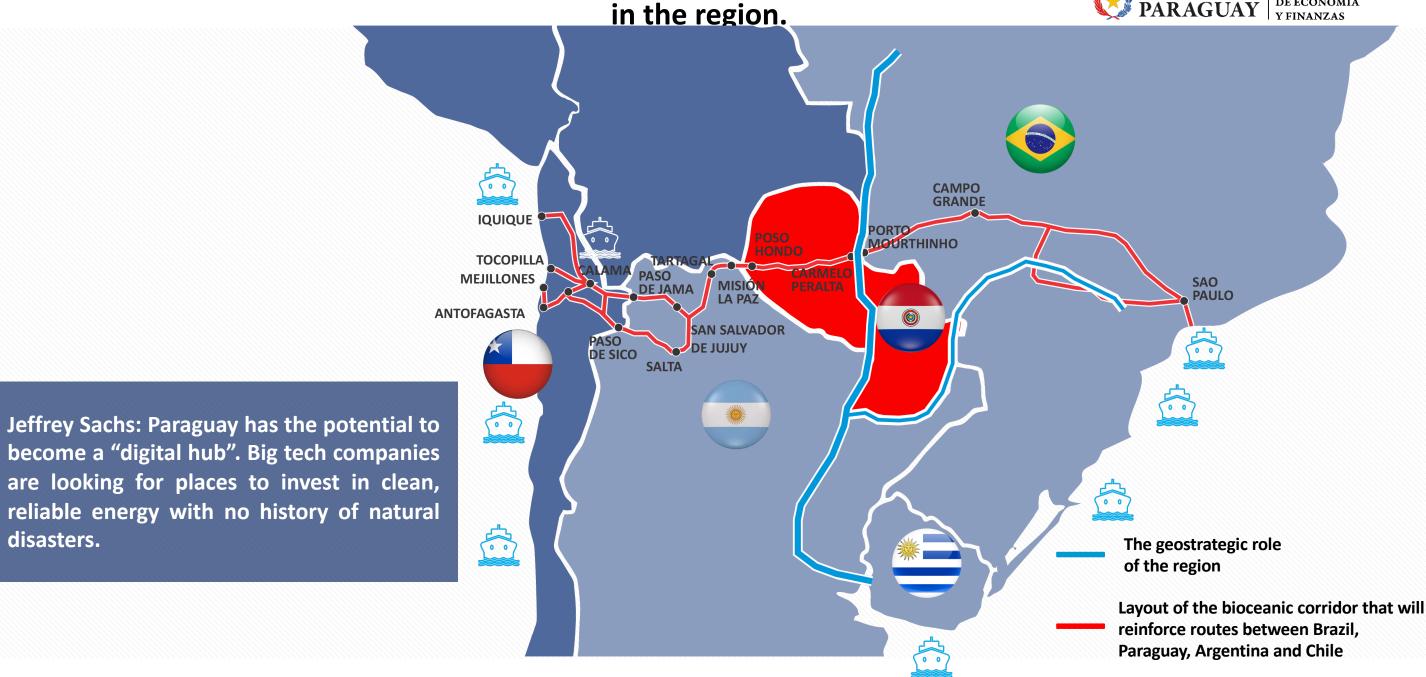






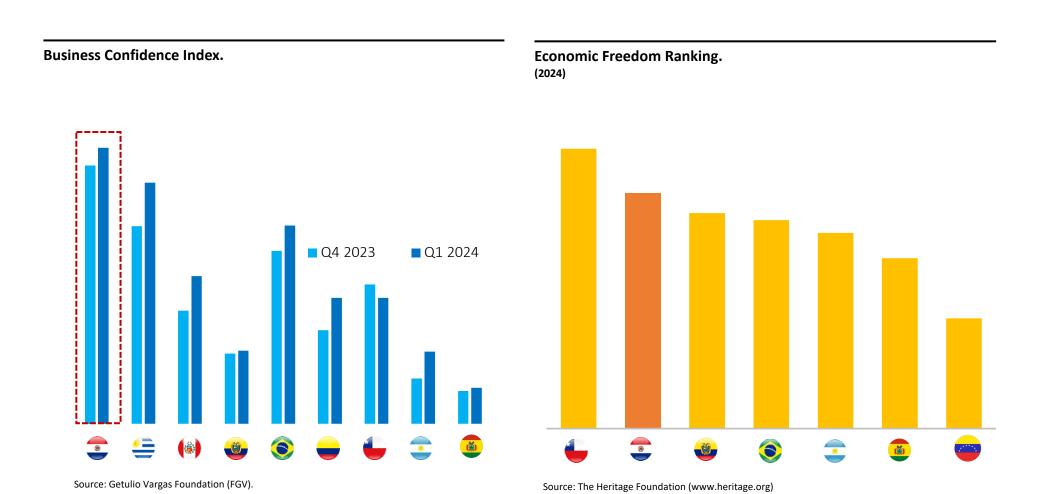
Clearly, Paraguay has a geostrategic position





## According to the FGV, Paraguay ranks among the best countries in the region for doing business.





## Furthermore, the country has a positive international perception.



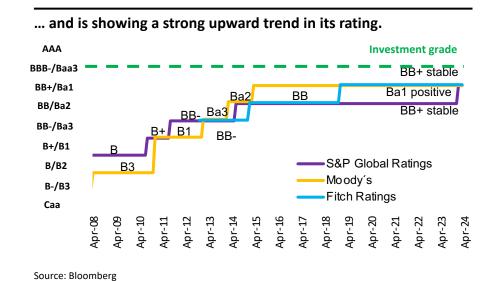
Paraguay is the only country in the region with an improvement in its credit rating outlook...

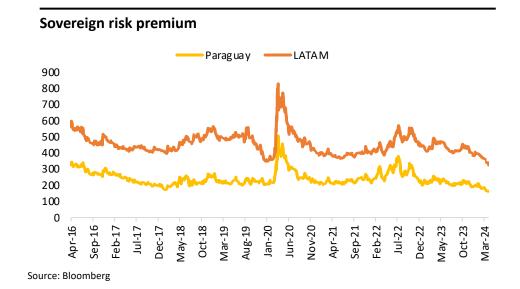
#### Comparative between December 2022 and April 2024

	S&P	
Paraguay	BB+ Λ	Stable =
Uruguay	BBB+ =	Stable =
Brazil	вв л	Stable =
Perú	BBB - V	Stable Λ
Chile	A =	Negative =
Bolivia	CCC+ V	Negative =
Argentina	ссс л	Stable =

Moody´s			
Ba1 =	Positive =		
Baa1 Λ	Stable =		
3a2	Positive Λ		
Baa1 =	Negative =		
\2 =	Stable =		
Caa3 V	Stable A		
Ca =	Stable =		

Fitch		
BB+ =	Stable =	
BBB =	Stable =	
BB =	Stable =	
BBB =	Negative V	
A- =	Stable =	
ccc v	without perspective*	
сс л	without perspective*	





### The government is working closely with multilateral agencies.



### IDB

#### **IDB Climate**

- One of the first pilot countries.
- Nature and climate-related objectives.
- Clean up the Ypacaraí Lake.

### **2026 Annual Meetings**

- Forum for discussion among the institution's Governors.
- Strategic partnership for development.

Sources: Ministry of Economy and Finance, IMF, IDB, OECD.

### IMF

#### **RSF**

- Maximum access (150% of the country's quota).
- Favorable long-term financial conditions.
- Reforms to strengthen economic resilience and sustainability.

#### **PCI**

 Help countries demonstrate commitment to a reform agenda.

### **OECD**

### **Country Programme**

- Draw on OECD expertise and best practices.
- Strengthen institutions.
- Build capacity for successful policy reforms.



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